DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS
UNIVERSITY OF KASHMIR, SRINAGAR

Entrance Syllabus for M.A/M.Sc. Statistics Under NEP 2020 for the year- 2025. (Mathematics Stream)

UNIT-I

Limits, Indeterminate forms, Continuity and differentiability, Successive differentiation and Leibnitz theorem, Partial and total differentiation, Homogenous functions and Euler's theorem, Curvature and radius of curvature, Extrema of functions: maxima and minima, Bounded functions and their properties, Characteristics of continuous functions on closed intervals, The intermediate value theorem.

UNIT-II

Rolle's theorem, Lagranges Mean value theorem, Cauchy's Mean value theorem, Taylor's theorem, Taylor's series, Maclaurin's series of some standard functions like $\sin x$, $\cos x$, e^x, $\log x$, $(1+x)^m$.
Standard cases of partial fractions, Integration of rational and irrational functions, Reduction formulae of some standard functions like $\int \sin^n x\, dx$, $\int \cos^n x\, dx$, $\int \tan^n x\, dx$, $\int \sin^m x \cos^n x\, dx$, $\int \sin^m x \sin^n x\, dx$, $\int \cos^m x \cos^n x\, dx$.

UNIT-III

Definite Integrals, definite integral as a limit of sum, differentiation under an integral sign, fundamental theorem of calculus.
First order and higher degree differential equations, Solvable for x, y and p, symbolic operators and Clairaut's form of differential equations, linear homogeneous and non-homogeneous differential equations with constant coefficients, Method of variation of parameters, exact differential equation and Cauchy-Euler equations.

UNIT-IV

Hermitian and skew- Hermitian matrices, Orthogonal and Unitary matrices, representation of a square matrix as $P + iQ$, where P is Hermition and Q is skew-Hermition, adjoint of a matrix, reversal law of transpose, inverse of a matrix, reversal law for the inverse of matrices under multiplication, homogeneous and non- homogeneous system of equations and their consistency, Inner product of vectors, length of a vector, normal vectors.

UNIT-V

The operation of transposing and inverting are commutative, rank of a matrix, trace of a matrix, Characteristic and minimal equations of a matrix, block matrices, Cayley Hamilton theorem, Eigenvalues and Eigenvector, Rank of a matrix in relation with linear dependence and independence of rows and columns, Elementary transformations of a matrix.

UNIT-VI

Sequences of real numbers ($\mathbb{R}$): Bounded and unbounded sets, supremum and infimum (lub and glb), Order completeness of $\mathbb{R}$, Archimedean property, Rational and Irrational density theorems, Dedekind's property, Sequences of real numbers, Convergence of sequences, Limit points of a sequences, Bolzano-Weirstrass theorem for sequences, limit inferior and limit superior, Theorems on limits and convergence of sequences, Cauchy's criteria for convergence of sequences, Cauchy sequences, monotonic sequences, Nested Interval theorem.

UNIT-VII

Infinite Series: Convergence and Divergence of a series, Necessary condition for convergence of a series, Cauchy's criteria for Convergence of a series, Geometric series, Series of positive terms.
Test for convergence: Comparison test, Cauchy's root test, D-Alembert's ratio test, Raabe's test, Logarithmic test and Integral test.

UNIT-VIII

Parabola: Tangents and normals, pole and polar, pair of tangents from a point, equation of a chord of a parabola in terms of its middle point, parametric equations of a parabola.
Ellipse: Tangents and normals, pole and polar, parametric equations of ellipse, diameters, conjugate diameters and their properties, General second-degree equation in x and y : conditions under which a general second degree equation represents a conic, determination of equation of the corresponding conic.

UNIT-IX

Hyperbola: Tangents and normal, equation of hyperbola referred to asymptotes as axes, rectangular and conjugate diameters and their properties.
Cone: Vertex, guiding curve, generator, equation of cone with vertex as origin or a given vertex and guiding curve, Condition that the general equation of the second degree should represent a cone, Necessary and sufficient conditions for a cone to have three mutually perpendicular generators.

UNIT-X

Number theory: Divisibility of integers, prime numbers, fundamental theorem of arithmetic's, Goldbach conjecture, Euclid's division algorithm, GCD and LCM of integers and their properties, Euclid's first theorem, Linear Diophantine equations, Necessary and sufficient condition for solvability of linear Diophantine equations, Linear Congruence's and their solutions, Euclid's Second theorem, Fermat numbers, Complete Residue System (CRS), Reduced Residue System (RRS), Fermat and Euler's theorems with applications.

UNIT-XI

Number theoretic functions: Euler's ϕ-function, $\phi(mn) = \phi(m)\phi(n)$ where $(m, n) = 1$, $\sum(d) = n$. $\phi(m) = m \prod(1 - \frac{1}{p})$ for $m > 1$. Chinese Remainder theorem, Order of an integer modulo n, primitive roots for primes, Composite numbers having primitive roots, Euler's criterion, Legendre symbol, Law of reciprocity, Fermat's last theorem (statements only).

UNIT-XII

Group theory: Equivalence relations, binary composition, Introduction to groups: Finite and infinite groups, Semi-groups, various properties of groups, subgroups and cosets. Cyclic groups, Generators and relations, Structure theorem, Lagrange's theorem. Examples of General linear groups, Symmetric and alternating groups, Normal subgroups, product of subgroups, counting principle, Quotient groups, homomorphism, kernel of a homomorphism, Fundamental theorem of homomorphism, Isomorphism theorems, Conjugate elements, Normalizer of an element, Center of a group.

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UNIT-XIII

Rings: Definition and examples. Elementary properties of rings, Rings with and without zero divisors, Integral domains, skew field and fields, sub rings and sub fields, Ideals and Quotient rings, Idempotent and Boolean rings, Homomorphism, fundamental theorem and ring isomorphism.

UNIT-XIV

Functions of several variables: Limit, continuity, and differentiability of a function of two variables, Mean value theorem, Sufficient conditions for continuity, Sufficient condition for differentiability, Explicit and implicit functions, functions, partial derivatives of higher order and Change in the order, Young's theorem and Schwarz's theorem.

UNIT-XV

Fourier Series: Fourier Series of periodic functions, Even and Odd functions, elementary functions, Properties, Euler's Formulae for Fourier Series.
Laplace transform: Laplace transform as periodic functions, Dirac-Delta function, Inverse Laplace transform, Laplace transform for derivatives and integrals.